



Windows 2008 Server Tips

Use the **F1** button on any page of a ThinManager wizard to launch Help for that page.

Visit www.thinmanager.com/TechNotes4/01_Intro/Manuals.shtml to download the manual, manual chapters, or the abridged ThinManual.

Microsoft has re-arranged administrative tools and tightened security on Windows 2008 Servers. This adds additional steps to do normal things. This article covers some of the things that are different in Windows 2008 that may need to be addressed to run ThinManager and ThinManager Ready thin clients.

This is a guideline and is not meant to replace official Microsoft Windows 2008 Server documentation. Please refer to their documentation for further information.

Note: Tips and instructions are based on workgroup membership and not domain membership.

This document contains a Summary followed by a Details section that has screen shots of the configuration changes.

Summary

Terminal Server Setup

1. Build a Windows 2008 Server. A fresh install is preferred.
2. Add the Terminal Server role.
See *Figure 1 - Server Manager Window* for details.
3. Install the desired applications using the **Install Application on Terminal Server** program found in the Control Panel.
See *Figure 6 - Install Application on Terminal Server Icon* for details.
4. Create the users on the terminal server and add them to the Remote Desktop Users group.
See *Figure 7 - Server Manager – Local Users and Groups* for details.
5. Go to the TS RemoteApp Manager and either allow unlisted applications or add permission the applications you want to run.
See *Figure 8 - TS RemoteApp Manager* for details.

ThinManager Server Setup

1. Install ThinManager using the **Install Application on Terminal Server** program found in the Control Panel.
See *Figure 11 - Install Application on Terminal Server Icon* for details.
2. Go to the firewall and allow all inbound communications or open ports in the firewall to allow UDP port 4900 and TCP port 2031 traffic.
See *Figure 12 - Windows Firewall with Advanced Security* or *Figure 14 - Local Security Policy* for details.
3. You may need to go to the Local Security Policy and change the **User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode** to **Elevate without prompting**.
See *Figure 20 - Local Security Policy – User Account Controls* for details.



Details – Terminal Server Setup

Adding Terminal Server Role

Windows 2008 Server, like Windows 2003 Server, allows two RDP connections for administrative purposes. To make the Windows 2008 Server a terminal server where many people can access applications requires adding the Terminal Services Role.

Open the **Server Manager** window.

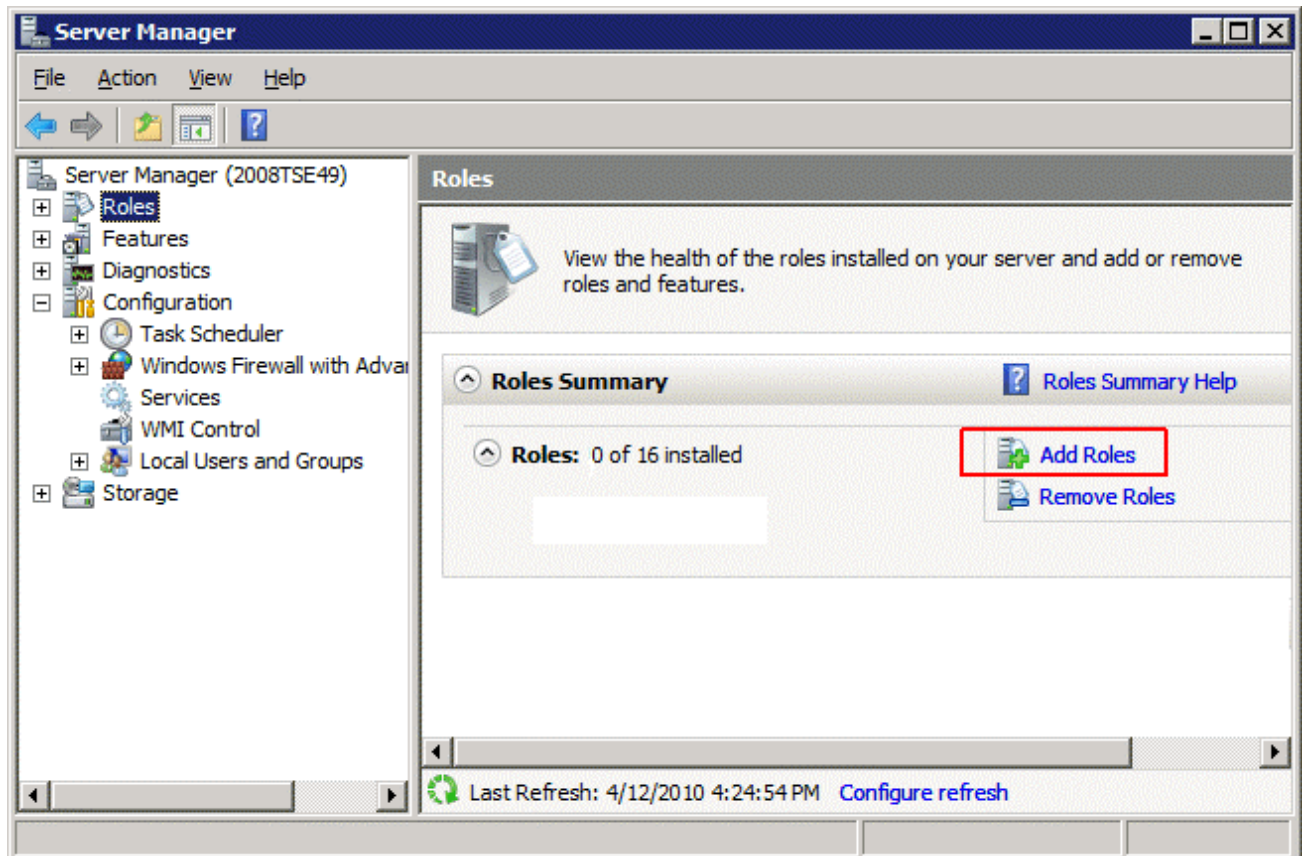


Figure 1 - Server Manager Window

Highlight **Roles** in the tree and select **Add Roles** in the right pane. A wizard will launch allowing you to add Terminal Services as a role.

Highlights of the **Role Wizard** include:

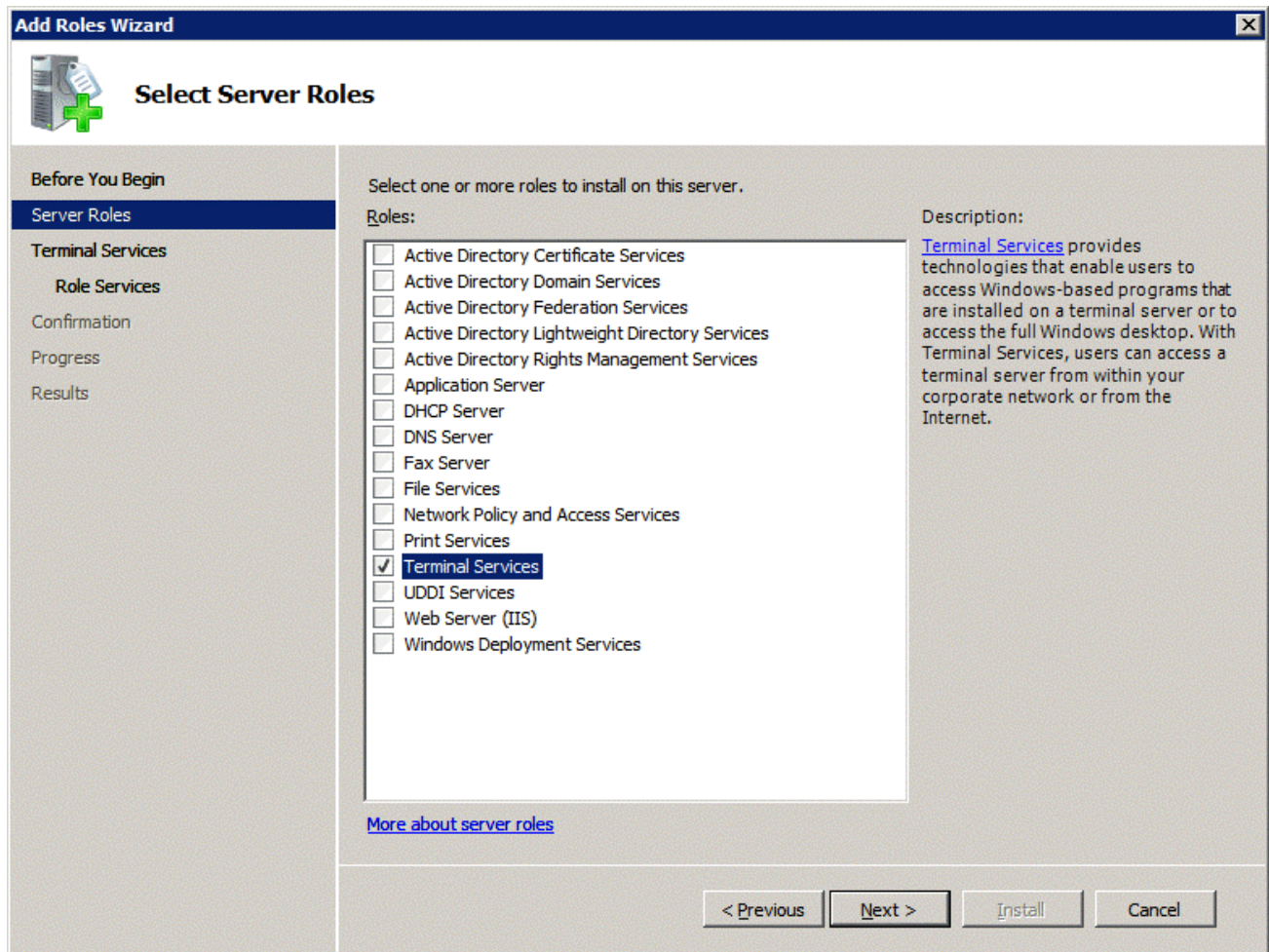


Figure 2 - Role Wizard - Select Server Roles

The **Role Wizard** lists 16 roles that are available.

Check the **Terminal Services** checkbox and any other roles desired.

Select **Next** to continue.

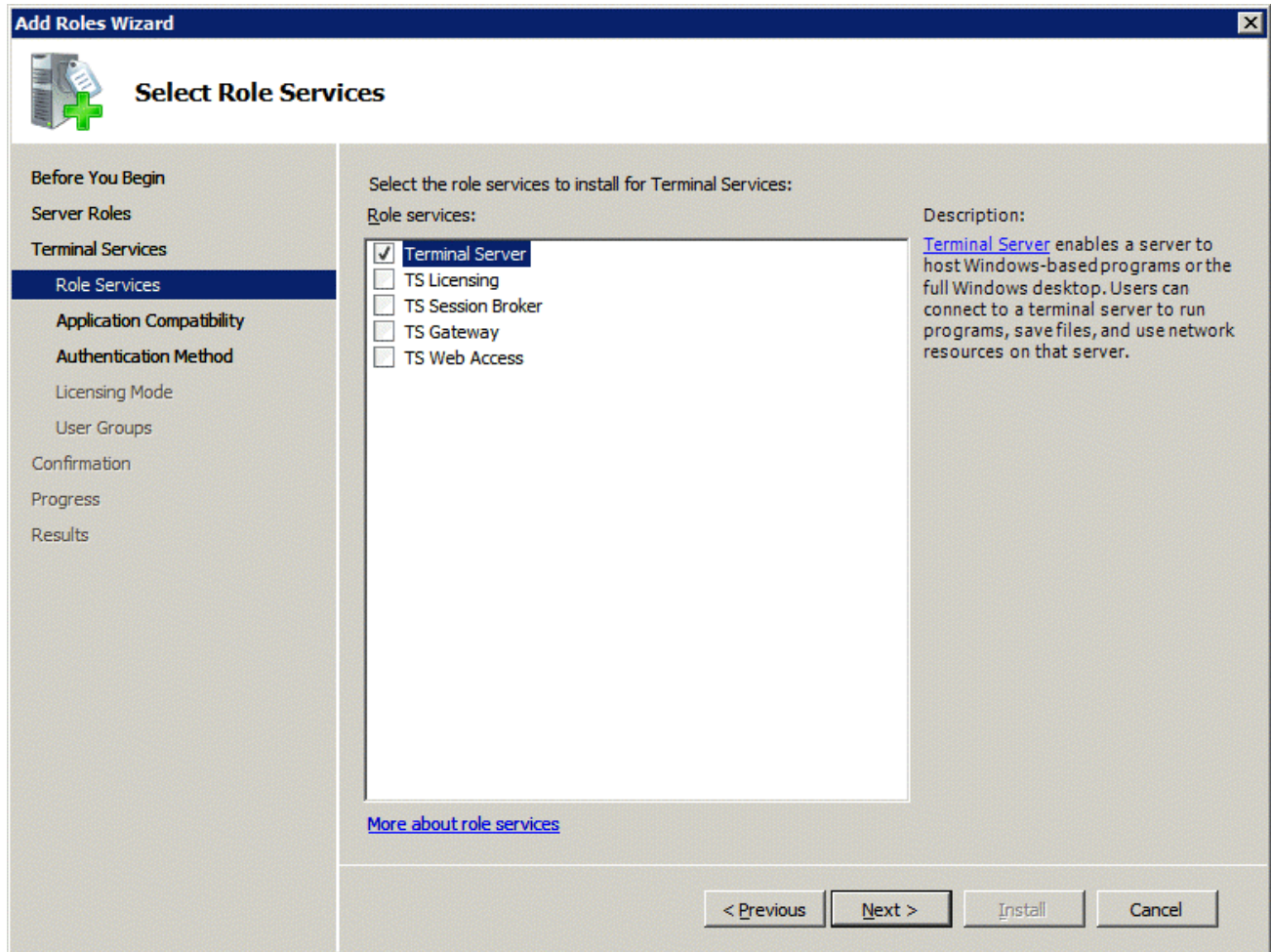


Figure 3 - Role Wizard –Select Role Services

Terminal Services has several options:

- **Terminal Server** – the basic terminal services option. Check this option
- **TS Licensing** – This makes the server a 2008 License Server. You need a 2008 License Server and 2008 Terminal Services Client Access Licenses (TS CALs) to operate. Select this if this will be your Terminal Services License Server.

Select **Next** to continue.

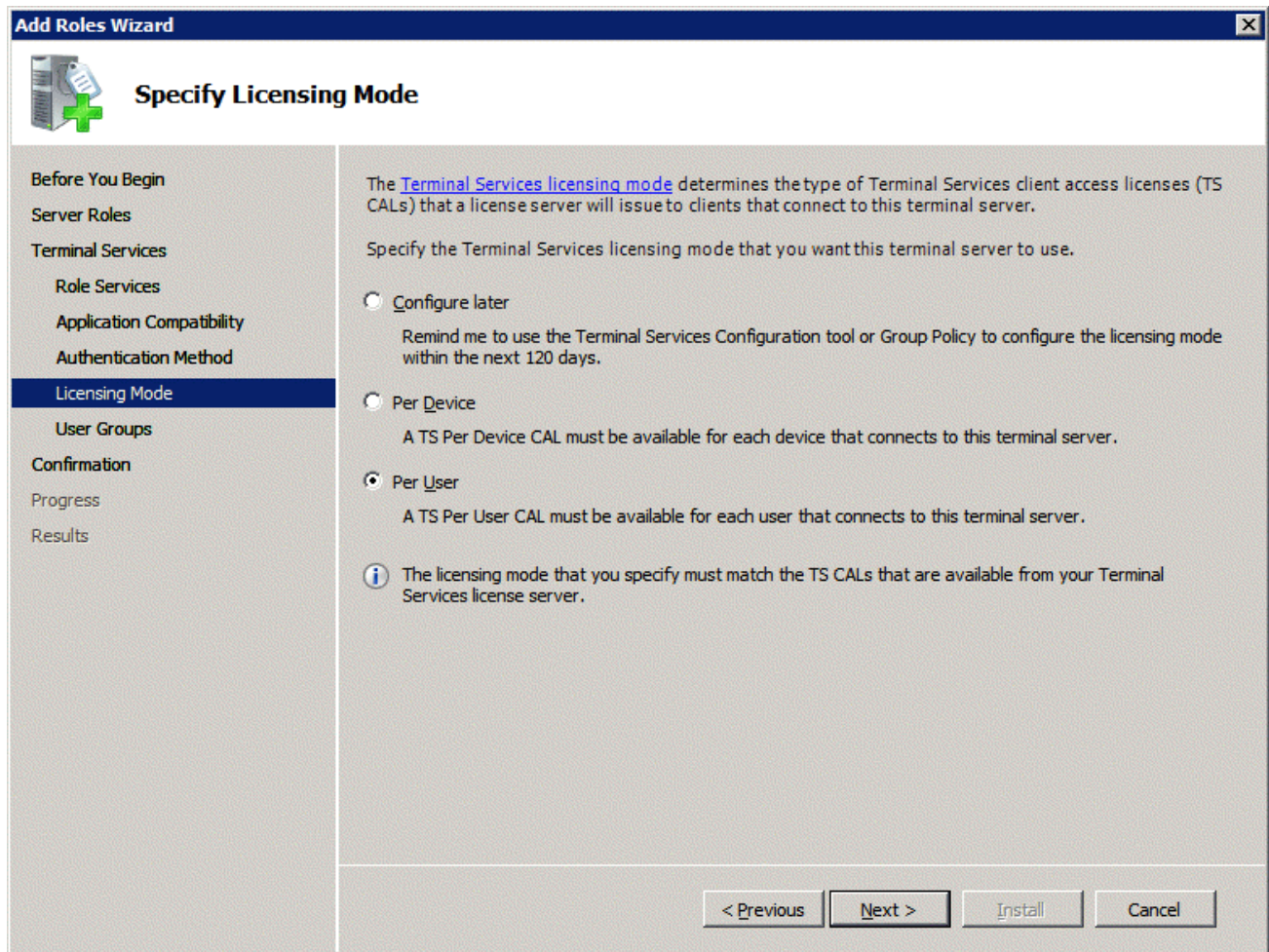


Figure 4 - Role Wizard – Specify Licensing Mode

Windows 2008 TS CALs, like Windows 2003 TS CALs, are available as **Per Device** or **Per User**. The terminal server should match the mode that the license server is using. Select **Next** to continue.

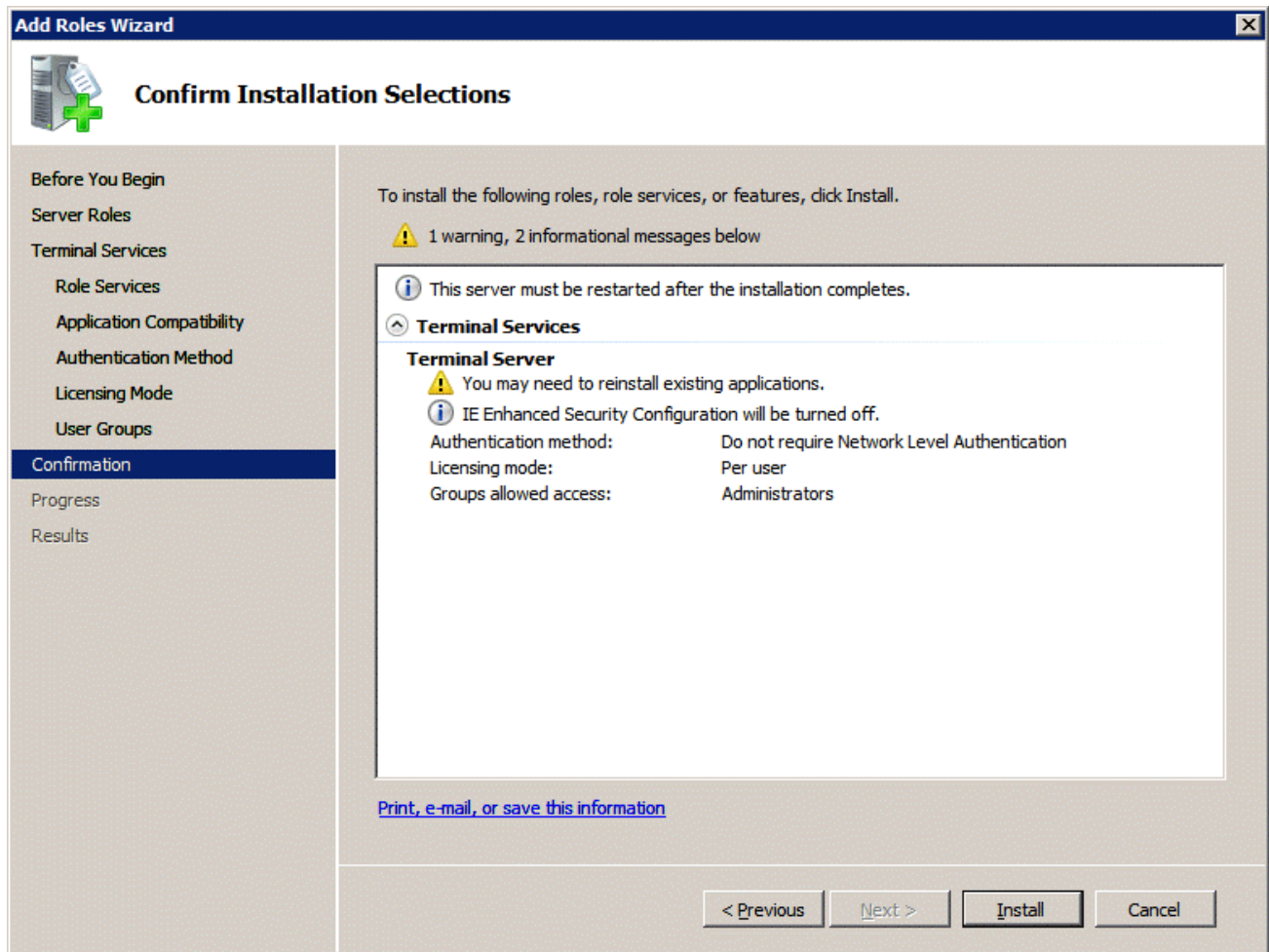


Figure 5 - Role Wizard – Confirm Installation Selections

The **Add Roles Wizard** will end with a list of the configurations that will be installed.

Select **Install** to add the role(s). Once the wizard is finished it will assume the role of a terminal server.



Adding Applications

Applications on terminal servers need to be installed in the **Install Mode**. Open the Control Panel and click on the **Install Application on Terminal Server** icon to start the installation wizard.

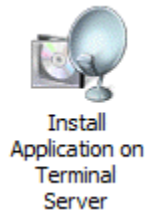


Figure 6 - Install Application on Terminal Server Icon

A wizard will run that allows the installation of the application.

The **Install Mode** can also be entered by typing **change user /install** at a command prompt. You can then run the **setup.exe** to install your application.

Type **change user /execute** when finished installing to leave the Install Mode.

Create Users

Users management is located in the **Server Manager** console.

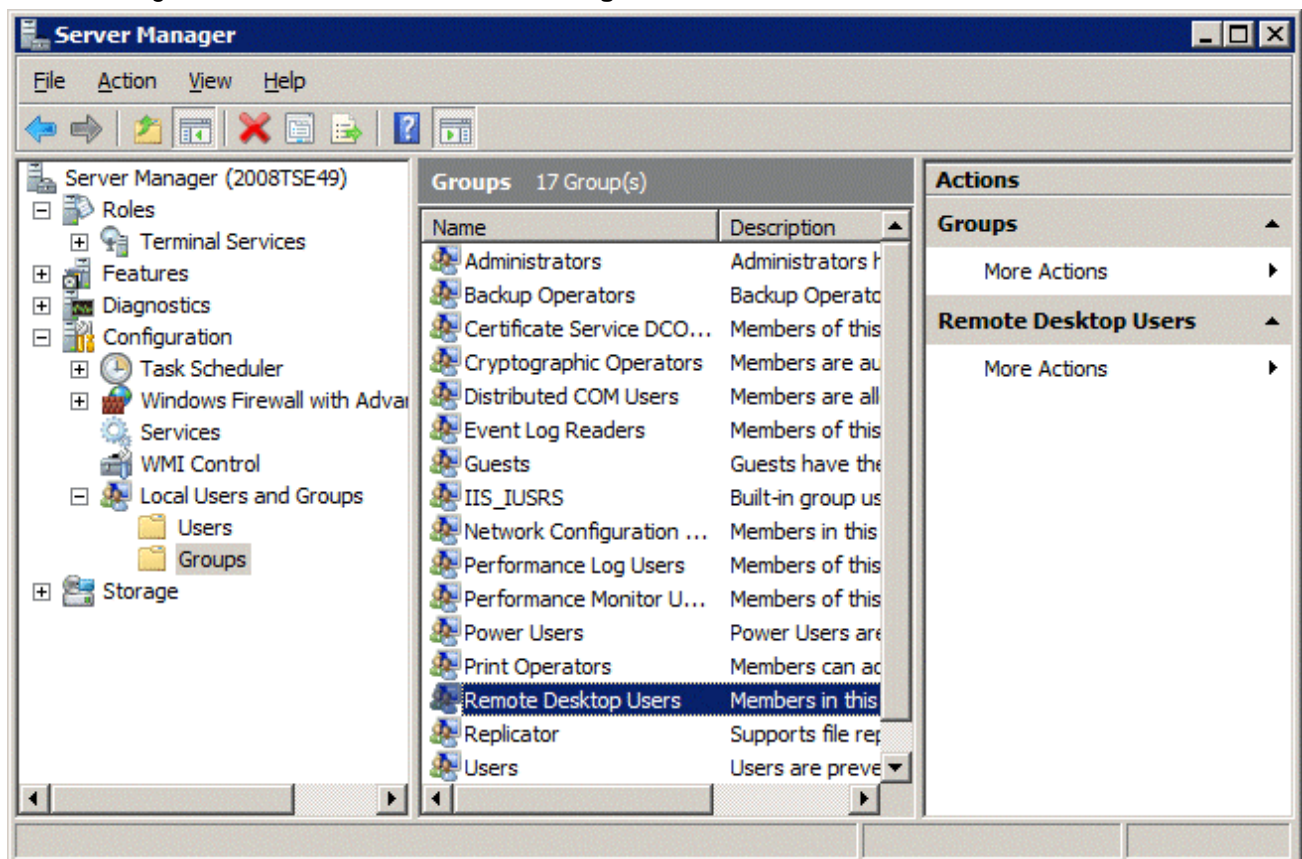


Figure 7 - Server Manager – Local Users and Groups

Users need to be members of the **Remote Desktop Users** group to access the terminal server.



Allowing Application Access

Applications installed on a terminal server are not available to remote users unless the Terminal Server Settings are changed to allow access to the applications. You can either allow access to all applications or allow access to specific applications in the **TS RemoteApp Manager**.

Allowing Application Access – All Applications

Applications installed on a terminal server are not available to remote users unless the Terminal Server Settings are changed to allow access to the applications.

You can change the settings to allow access to all installed applications in the **TS RemoteApp Manager**.

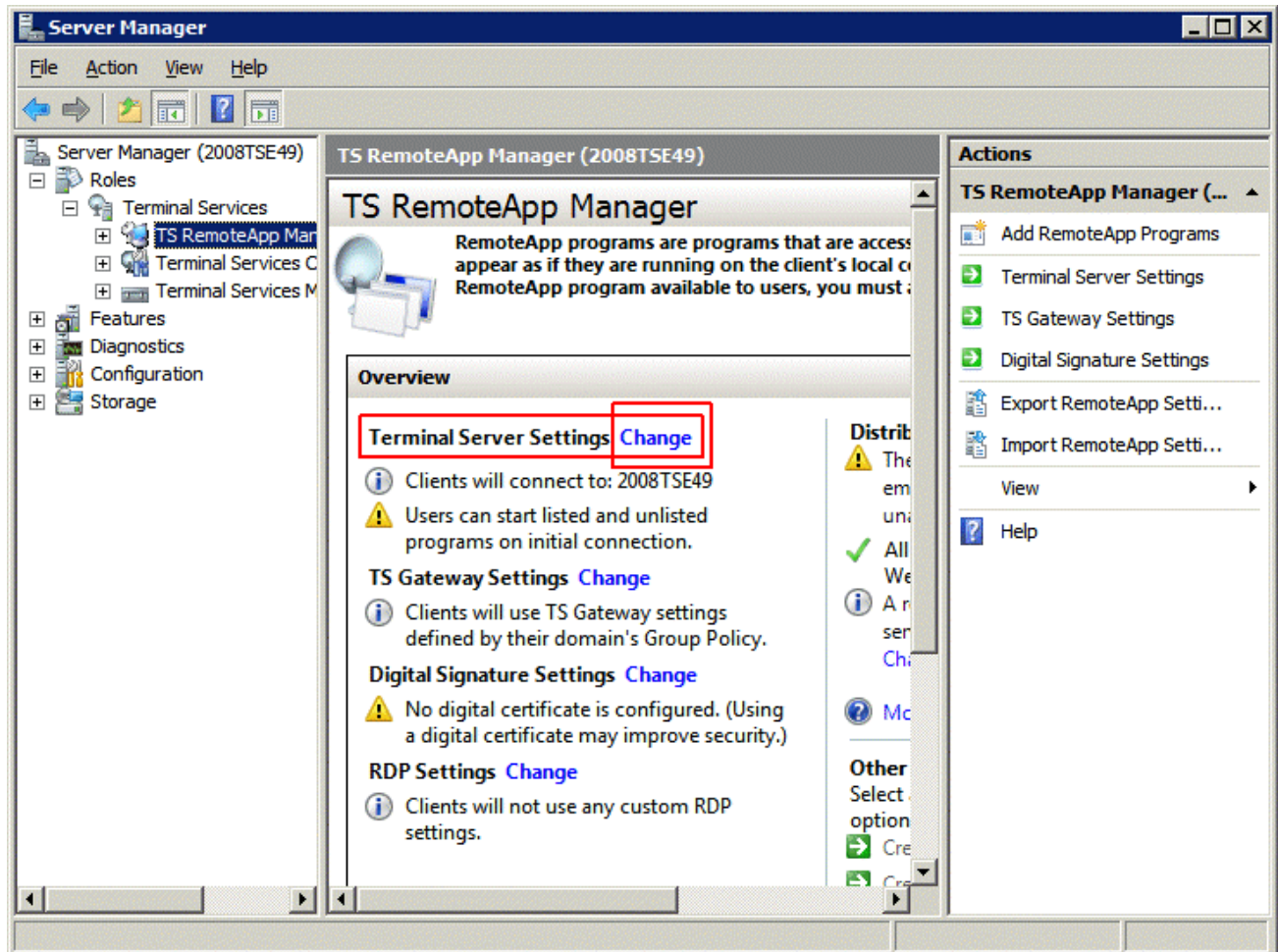


Figure 8 - TS RemoteApp Manager

Highlight **TS RemoteApp Manager** under the **Terminal Services** branch of the **Server Manager** tree.

Select the **Change** link for the **Terminal Server Settings** to launch the **RemoteApp Deployment Settings** page.



RemoteApp Deployment Settings

Common RDP Settings | Custom RDP Settings

Terminal Server | TS Gateway | Digital Signature

Clients will use these settings while connecting to this terminal server.

Connection settings

Server name:
If the terminal server is in a farm, enter the DNS name of the farm.

RDP port:

☒ Require server authentication
If you use server authentication, you may have to provide a fully qualified DNS name in the Server name box.

Remote desktop access

☐ Show a remote desktop connection to this terminal server in TS Web Access

Access to unlisted programs

☐ Do not allow users to start unlisted programs on initial connection (Recommended)

☒ Allow users to start both listed and unlisted programs on initial connection

OK Cancel Apply

RemoteApp Deployment Settings

Select the Terminal Server tab of the **RemoteApp Deployment Settings** page.

Select the **Allow users to start both listed and unlisted programs on initial connection** radio button in the **Access to unlisted programs** section.

This will allow any program to be run by an authorized user.

You can also select and define specific applications that can be run by configuring them in the **TS RemoteApp Manager**.



Allowing Application Access – Specific Applications

You can control application access on Windows 2008 Server by only allowing access to specific applications.

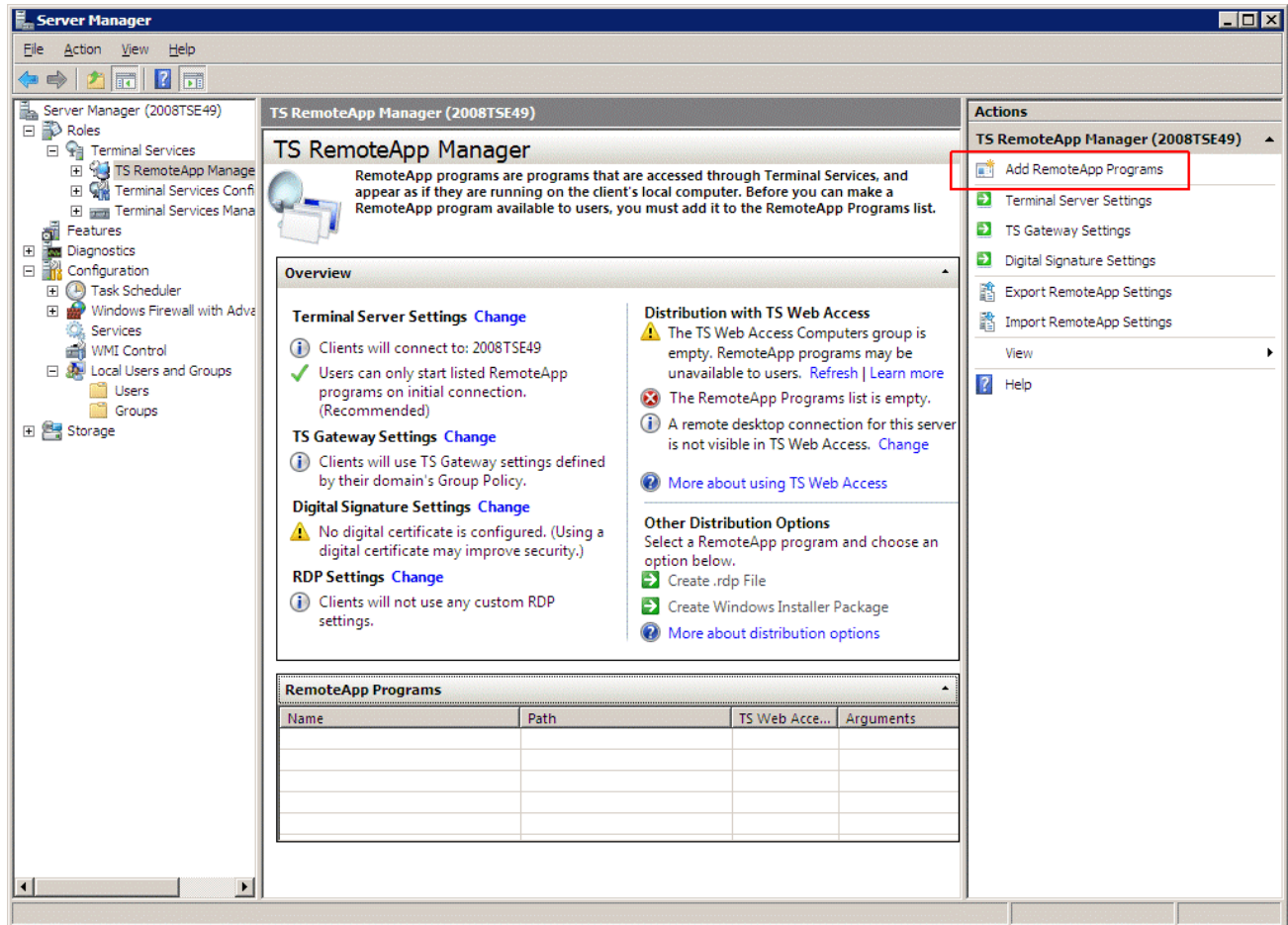


Figure 9 - TS RemoteApp Manager

Highlight **TS RemoteApp Manager** under the **Terminal Services** branch of the **Server Manager** tree.

Select the **Add RemoteApp Programs** link in the **Actions** column on the right of the screen to launch the **RemoteApp Wizard**.

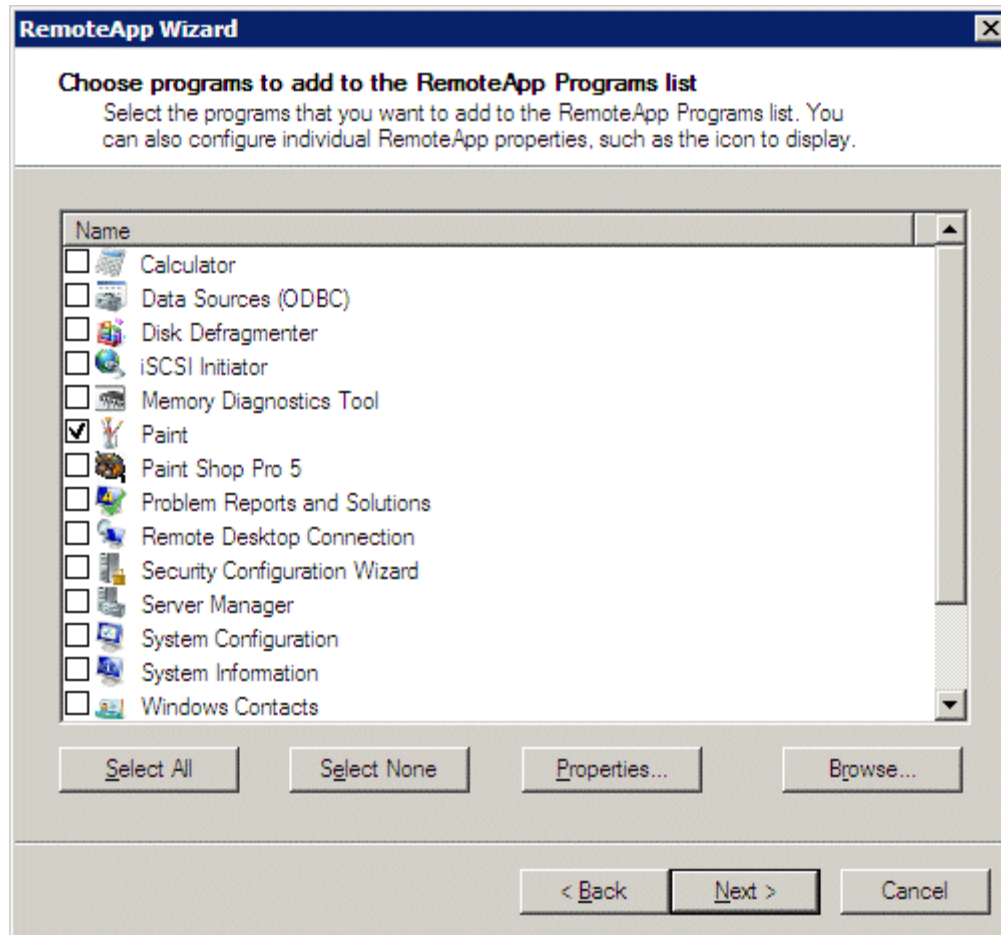


Figure 10 - RemoteApp Wizard

The **RemoteApp Wizard** shows a list of applications installed on the Windows 2008 Server.

Select the checkbox for each application that you want available for deployment as a ThinManager Display Client.

Select **Next** to complete the wizard. A remote user can run any checked application.



Details - ThinManager Server Setup

Install ThinManager

It is a common practice to install ThinManager on a terminal server but ThinManager is independent of terminal services and doesn't need to be installed on a terminal server.

Applications on terminal servers need to be installed in the **Install Mode**. Open the Control Panel and click on the **Install Application on Terminal Server** icon to start the installation wizard.

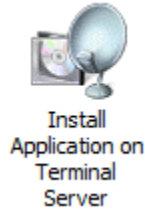


Figure 11 - Install Application on Terminal Server Icon

Once the wizard begins navigate to the ThinManager setup.exe program and continue with the wizard. See http://www.thinmanager.com/TechNotes4/02_Installs/InstallThinManager.pdf for details.

The Install Mode can also be entered by typing **change user /install** at a command prompt. You can then run the **setup.exe** to install ThinManager.

Type **change user /execute** when finished installing to leave the Install Mode.



Allow Inbound Traffic to Firewall

ThinManager requires communications to the ThinManager Ready thin clients. This communication is blocked by default in the firewall and needs to be allowed.

You can either open the firewall to all traffic or open the specific ports needed.

Allow All Inbound Traffic

You can configure the firewall by selecting **Windows Firewall with Advanced Security** in the **Server Manager** tree.

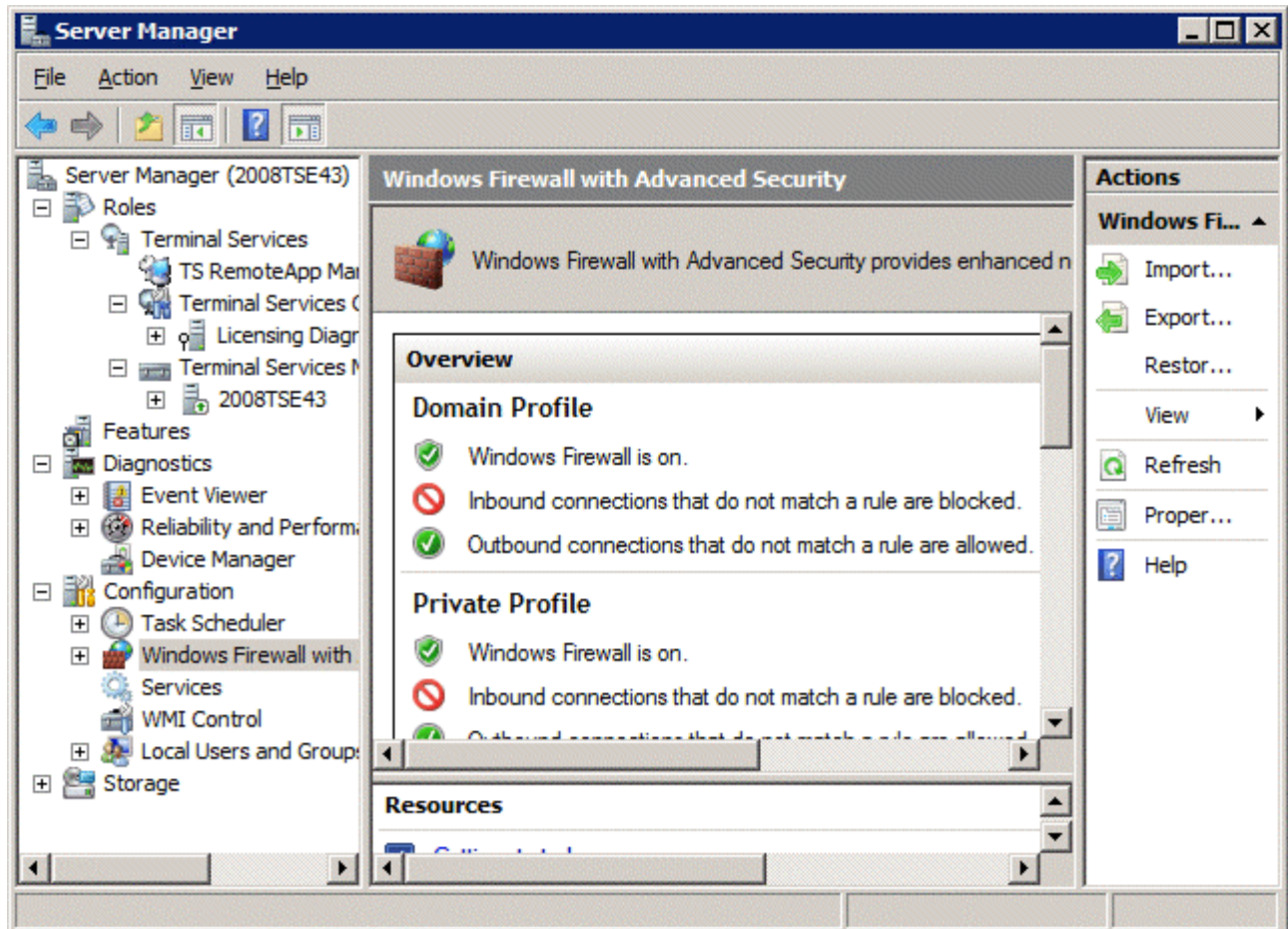


Figure 12 - Windows Firewall with Advanced Security

Highlight **Windows Firewall with Advanced Security** in the **Server Manager** tree. Right click and select **Properties** to launch the **Properties** window.

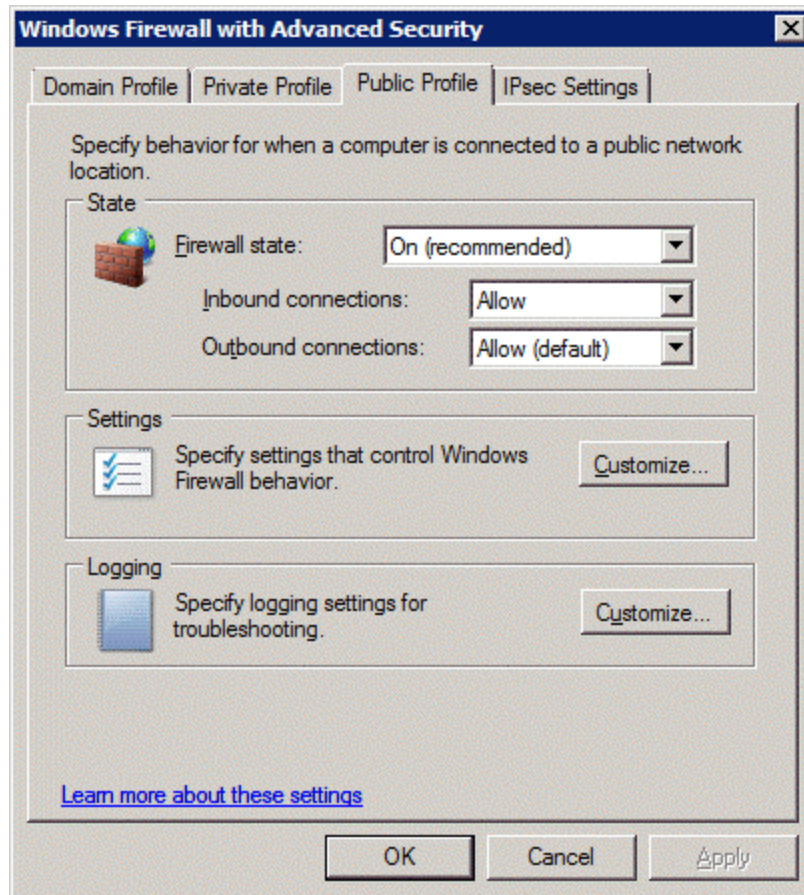


Figure 13 - Windows Firewall with Advanced Security Properties

Select the profile tab that matches the type of network you are using, either **Domain**, **Private**, or **Public.Profile**.

Change the **Inbound connections** to **Allow** and select **OK** to accept the change.

This will allow the thin clients to connect to ThinManager through the firewall.



Open Ports in Firewall

You can open specific ports in the Windows 2008 Server firewall instead of allowing all inbound connections if you prefer.

Open the **Local Security Policy** by selecting the **Start > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy**.

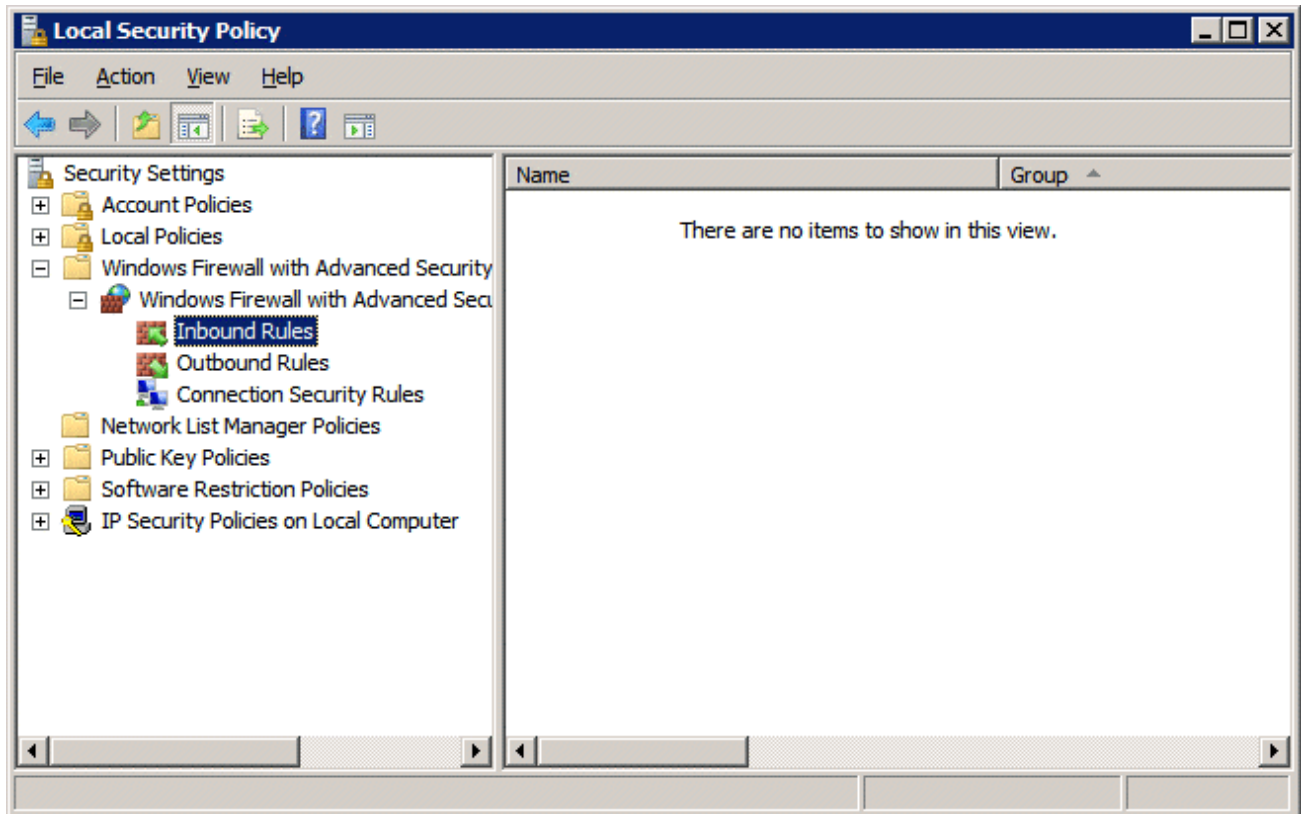


Figure 14 - Local Security Policy

Expand the **Windows Firewall with Advanced Security** to show the **Inbound Rules**.

Right click on the **Inbound Rules** and select **New Rule**. A wizard will launch that allows configuration of a new port.

You need to run the wizard twice, once to allow **UDP 4900** and once to allow **TCP 2031**.

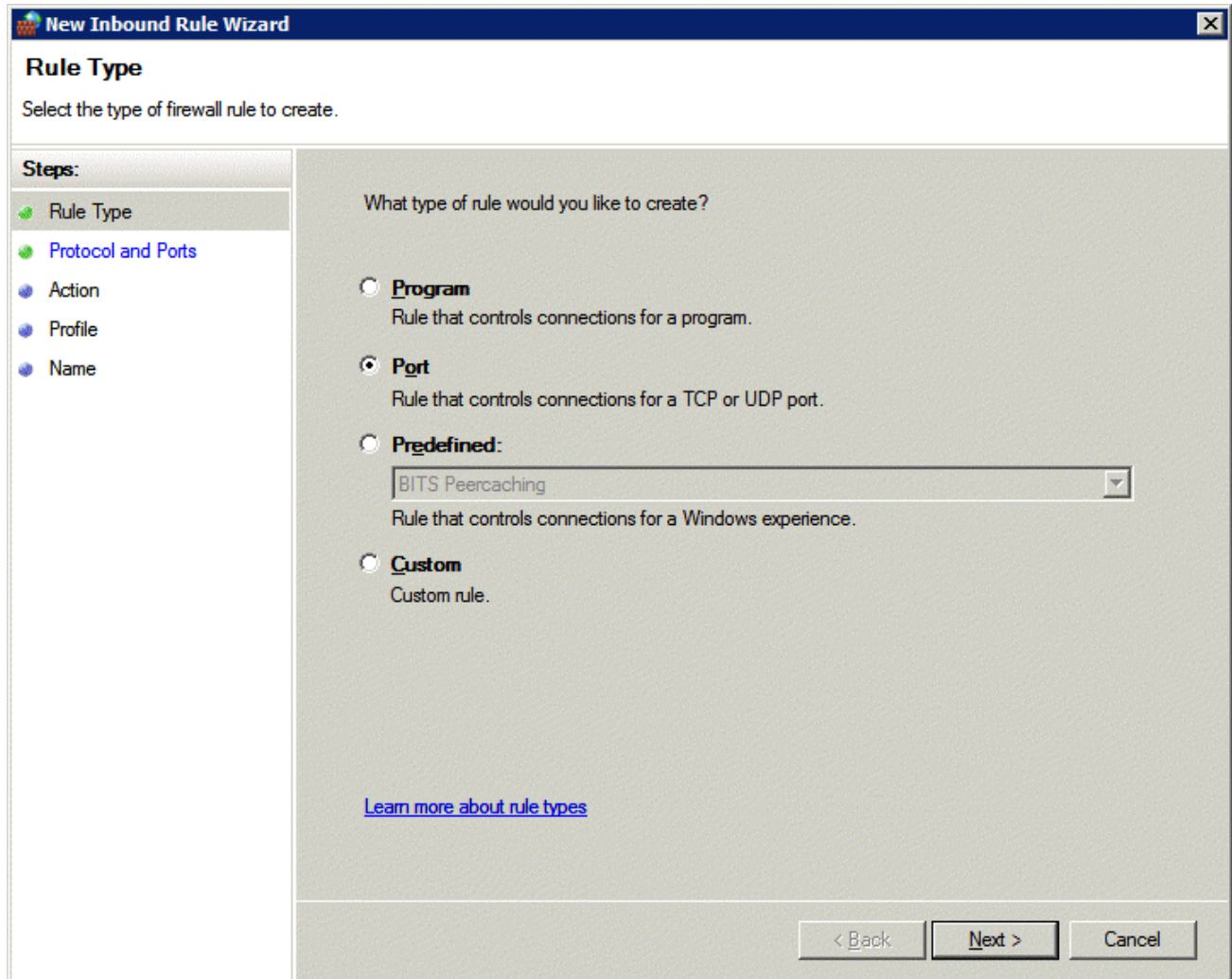


Figure 15 - Rule Wizard – Rule Type

Select **Port** as the rule you are configuring and select **Next** to continue.



The screenshot shows the 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' window with the title bar 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' and a close button. The main heading is 'Protocol and Ports' with the instruction 'Specify the protocol and ports that this rule matches.' On the left, a 'Steps:' pane lists 'Rule Type', 'Protocol and Ports' (selected), 'Action', 'Profile', and 'Name'. The main area contains two questions: 'Does this rule apply to TCP or UDP?' with radio buttons for 'TCP' (selected) and 'UDP'; and 'Does this rule apply to all local ports or specific local ports?' with radio buttons for 'All local ports' and 'Specific local ports' (selected). A text box next to 'Specific local ports' contains '2031' with an example 'Example: 80, 443, 8080' below it. A link 'Learn more about protocol and ports' is at the bottom left. Navigation buttons '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel' are at the bottom right.

Figure 16 - Rule Wizard – Protocols and Ports

You will need to select the protocol and port for each rule. You will need to run the wizard once for UDP 4900 and once for TCP 2031.

Select the protocol and enter the port as shown in *Figure 16 - Rule Wizard – Protocols and Ports*.

Select **Next** to continue.



The screenshot shows the 'New Inbound Rule Wizard' window with the 'Action' step selected. The left pane lists the steps: Rule Type, Protocol and Ports, Action (selected), Profile, and Name. The main area asks 'What action should be taken when a connection matches the specified conditions?'. There are three radio button options: 'Allow the connection' (selected), 'Allow the connection if it is secure', and 'Block the connection'. Under 'Allow the connection if it is secure', there are two unchecked checkboxes: 'Require the connections to be encrypted' and 'Override block rules'. A link 'Learn more about actions' is at the bottom left of the main area. At the bottom right are buttons for '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

New Inbound Rule Wizard

Action

Specify the action that is taken when a connection matches the conditions specified in the rule.

Steps:

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action**
- Profile
- Name

What action should be taken when a connection matches the specified conditions?

☒ **Allow the connection**
Allow connections that have been protected with IPsec as well as those that have not.

☐ **Allow the connection if it is secure**
Allow only connections that have been authenticated and integrity-protected through the use of IPsec. Connections will be secured using the settings in IPsec properties and rules in the Connection Security Rule node.

☐ **Require the connections to be encrypted**
Require privacy in addition to integrity and authentication.

☐ **Override block rules**
Useful for tools that must always be available, such as remote administration tools. If you specify this option, you must also specify an authorized computer or computer group.

☐ **Block the connection**

[Learn more about actions](#)

< Back Next > Cancel

Figure 17 - Rule Wizard – Action

Select **Allow the Connection**.

Select **Next** to continue.

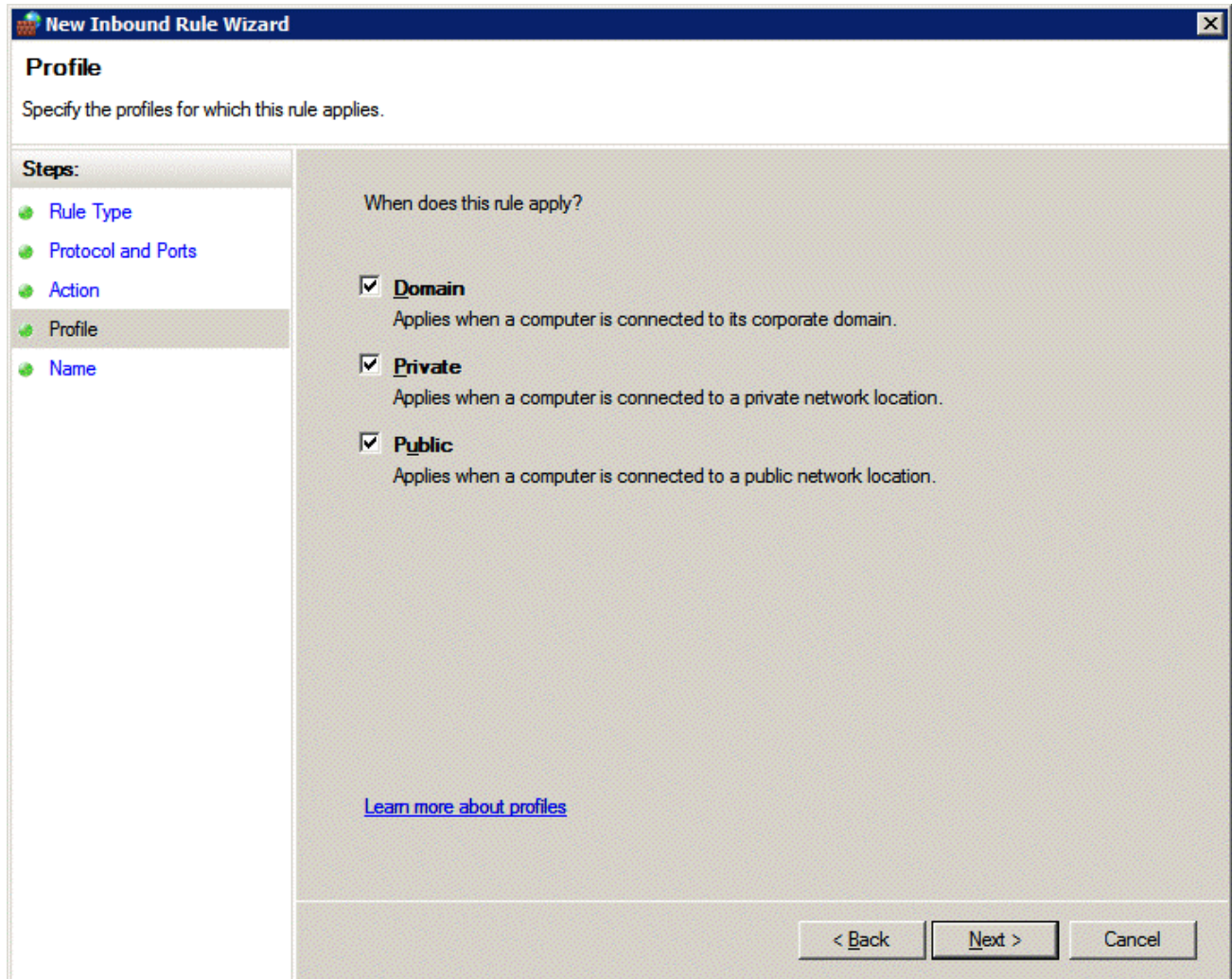


Figure 18 - Rule Wizard – Profile

Select the network(s) that the rule will apply to.

Select **Next** to continue.

A **Name** page will allow you to name the rule and add a description for management and organizational purposes.

Select **Finish** to save and apply the rule.

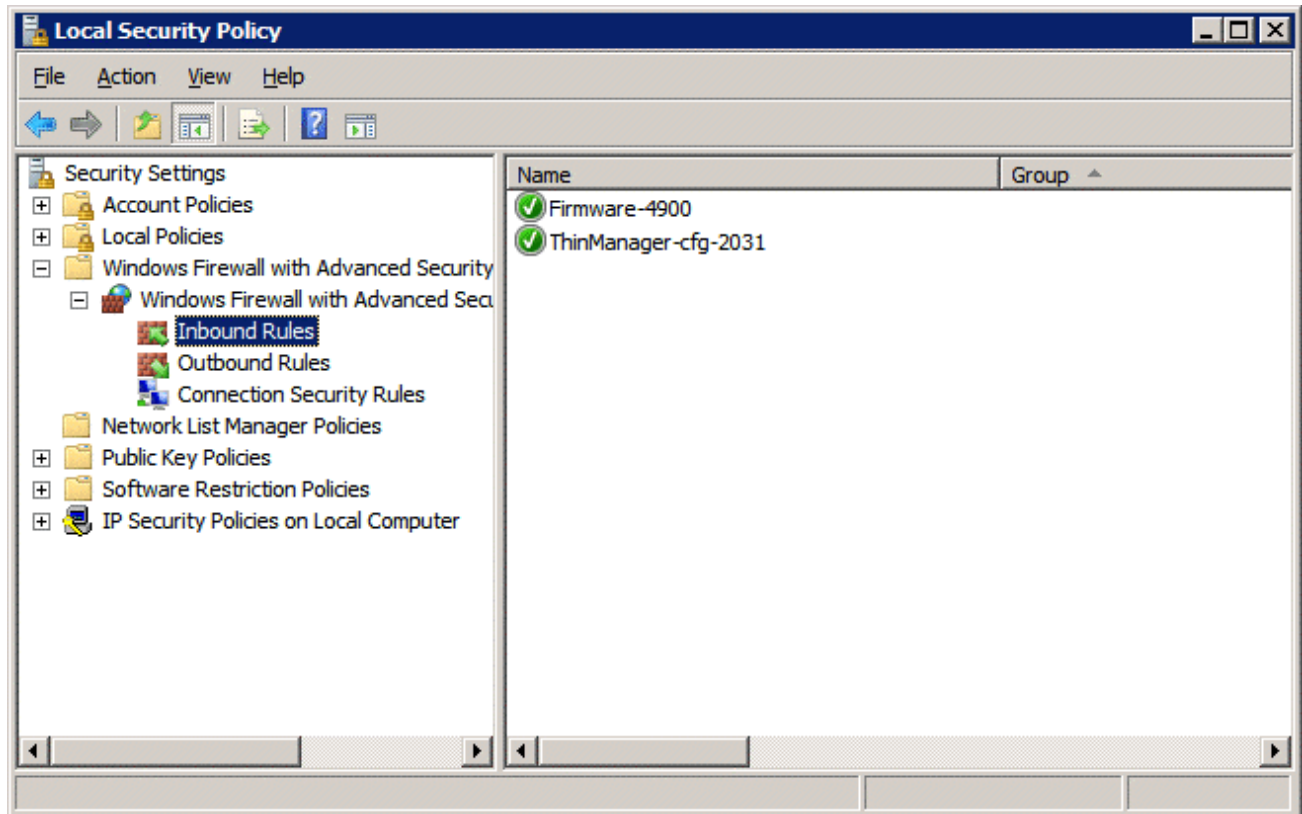


Figure 19 - Applied Rules

Repeat for **UDP 4900** or **TCP 2031**.

This will allow thin clients to use port 4900 to download the firmware and allow the thin client to use port 2031 to download the configuration but will keep other ports closed on the firewall.



Local Security Policy – User Access Controls

You may need to go to the Local Security Policy and change the **User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode** to **Elevate without prompting** for ThinManager to run properly.

Open the **Local Security Policy** by selecting the **Start > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy**.

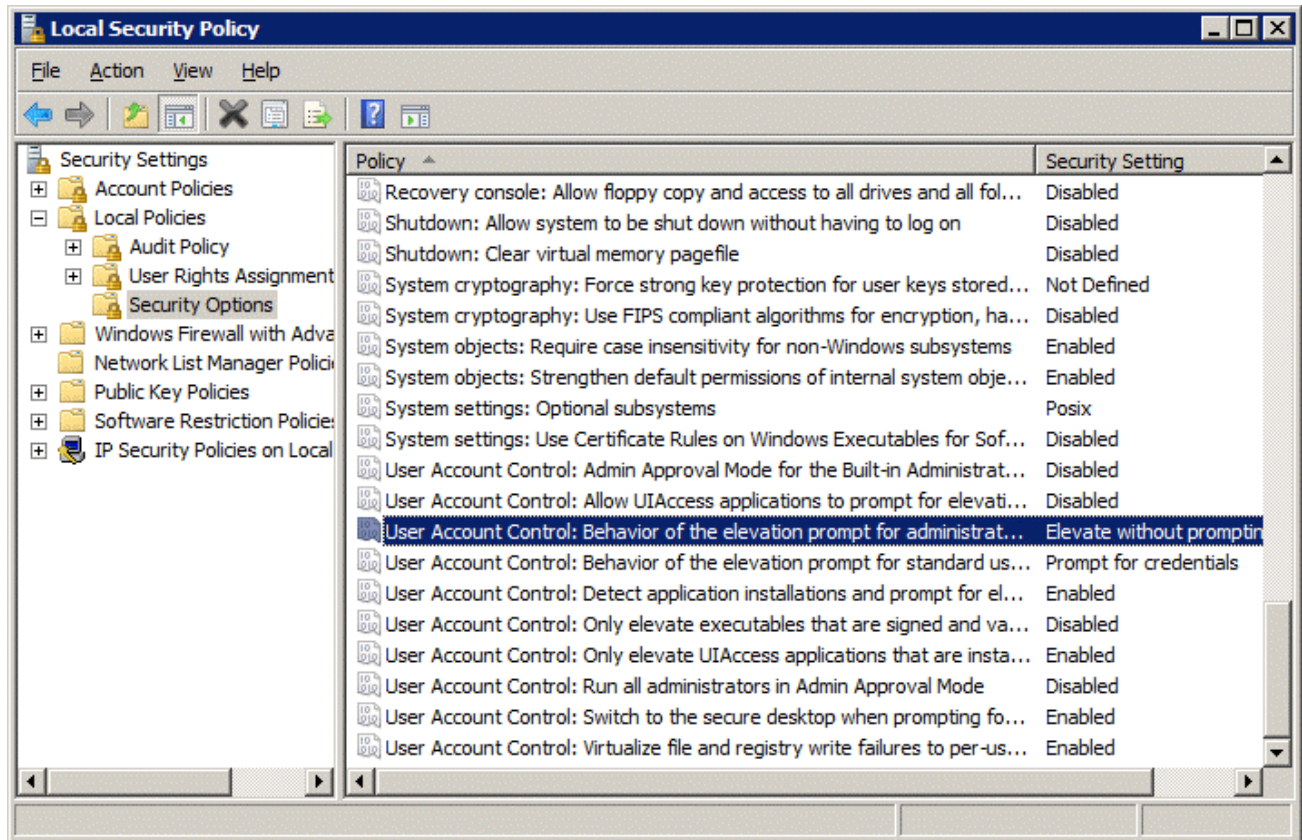


Figure 20 - Local Security Policy – User Account Controls

Highlight **Local Policies > Security Options** in the tree.

Browse to **User Account Control: Behavior of the elevation prompt for administrators in Admin Approval Mode** and change the setting to **Elevate without prompting**.

This may be needed to run ThinManager as a non-administrator.